



Welcome to inner space!

What is soil?
Does anything call it home?
How is it made?
Is all soil the same?









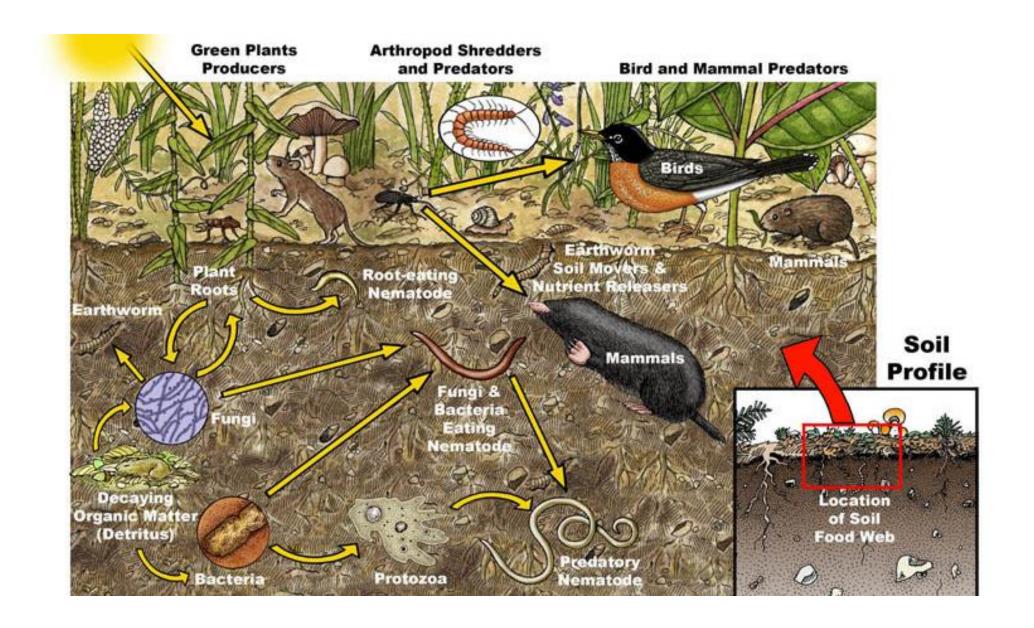
Is all soil the same?

Can you guess how many different types of soil there are in the UK?

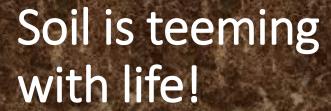












Amoeba, more than 25,000 per teaspoon

Ciliates – around 1,000 per teaspoon.

Bacteria will be millions and millions!

NEMATODES

- Tiny, tiny worms
- Live up to 2.2 miles below the surface
- This is deeper than any other known animal
- Eat bacteria
- Help plants to grow
- There are 57 billion of them for every single person on Earth!



WATER BEARS

- Or TARDIGRADE, meaning Slow Stepper
- AKA Moss Piglets!
- 8 legs with 4-8 claws on each leg
- Up to 1mm in length: smaller than a grain of salt
- Live in soil, sand dunes and leaf litter but their favourite homes are in sediment at the bottom of a lake, on moist moss or in other wet places
- Really good at swimming
- Eat bacteria and other microscopic organisms, and suck the juices from algae, lichen & moss
- Toughest creatures on earth have survived all 5 of earth's mass extinctions



FLOWER LONGHORN BEETLES

- 1/5 of all living species are beetles
- The Flower Longhorn eats nectar & pollen in spring and summer
- Helps to decompose organic matter like rotting fruit and leaves, which makes soil
- Lays its eggs in dead trees which the larvae eat, helping to decompose the tree and return it to the soil as organic matter





ROTIFERS

- Really good swimmers!
- Strong 'hair' called cilia which they beat against their head to move through water
- Move nutrients
 through soil so plant
 roots can find them
- All female!



SPRINGTAILS

- Size of a pinhead
- Move by catapulting themselves across ground
- Chew down organic matter (dead plants and animals) to make soil





Woodlice

- Found all over the world
- Eat dead plants and seeds in soil
- Thought to help limit how much carbon is released from soil, slowing climate change







FUNGI

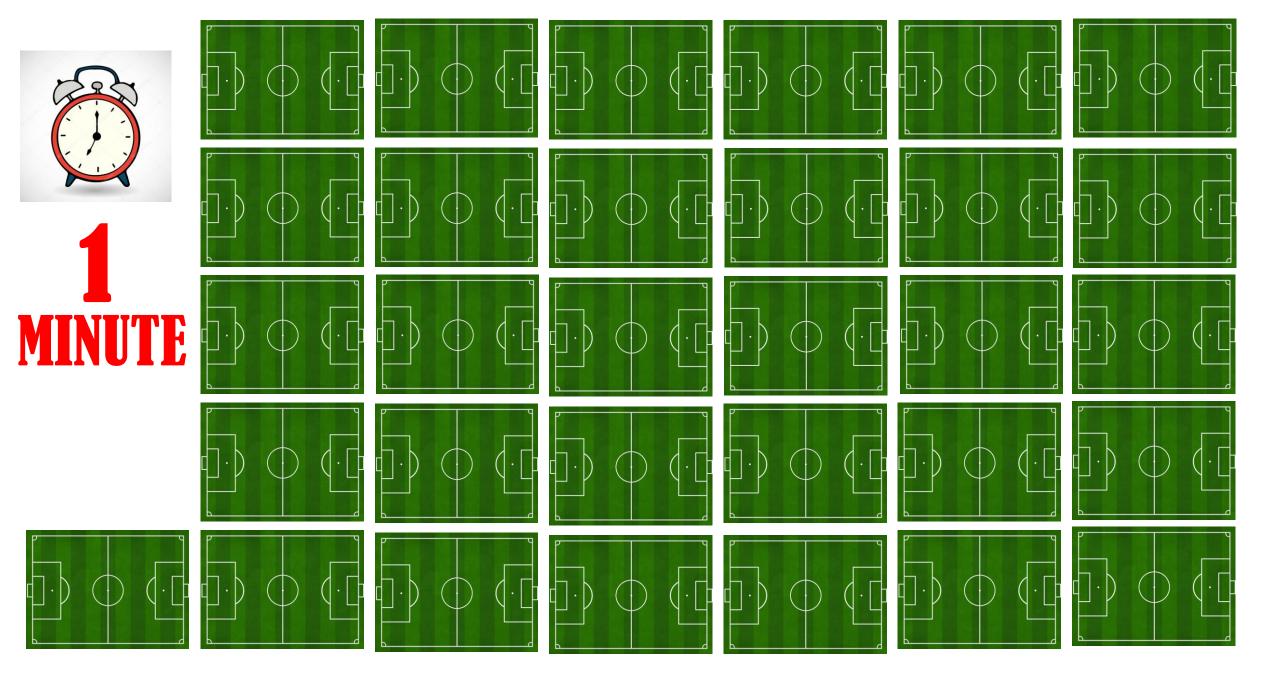
- Live in or outside of plant roots
- 'Friends' with plants and trees
- Help the host plants to take in nutrients from the soil
- The plants reward the fungi with sugar
- Other types of fungi are called Decomposers and help to break down dead plants
- The largest organism on earth is a 2.5 mile-wide Honey Mushroom!











AS HEAVY AS **240,000**













